

Service Management

Proxmox KVM module **WHMCS**

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The service management page is the primary admin interface for an individual client's KVM service. It is accessed by navigating to **Clients > [Client Name] > Products/Services > [Service]** and viewing the module's custom tab fields.

The page provides real-time VM status monitoring, resource usage visualization, deploy logging, console access, performance charts, and direct module command execution.

Client Profile

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Summary Profile Users Contacts Products/Services Domains Billable Items Invoices Quotes Transactions Tickets Emails Notes (0) Log

VPS Start - 5546-1775785707.puqcloud.com Go + New Addon More

Order #	1253 - View Order	Registration Date	07/04/2026
Product/Service	VPS Start	Quantity	1
Server	proxmox-text.puqcloud.com (1/200 Account)	First Payment Amount	13.90
Hostname	5546-1775785707.puqcloud.com	Recurring Amount	17.90 <small>Recalculate on Save</small> <input type="checkbox"/> No
Dedicated IP	192.168.130.2	Next Due Date	07/05/2026
Username	root	Termination Date	
Password	xGDTuAuBKK	Billing Cycle	Monthly
Status	Active	Payment Method	PayPal
Assigned IPs	192.168.130.3 2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0003 2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0004 2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0005	Promotion Code	None
Nameserver 1	tofuccrywk		
Nameserver 2	lzkgtfbfod		
Backup	10 backups \$12.52		
Snapshot	3 snapshot \$0.38		
IPv4	2 IPv4 \$0.50 + \$0.50 Setup Fee		
IPv6	5 IPv6		

VM ID and Reverse DNS

At the top of the service tab, the module displays:

- **VM ID** — the Proxmox VM identifier, with a verification status indicator confirming

whether the VM exists on the cluster

- **Reverse DNS** — a table listing all assigned IP addresses with editable reverse DNS fields; changes are saved when the admin clicks the WHMCS **Save Changes** button

API Connection Status

The module checks connectivity to the Proxmox API on each page load. A green **API answer OK** box confirms successful communication. If the connection fails, a red error box is shown with the error details, and real-time features are disabled.

Function Buttons

Below the connection status, a toolbar provides quick-action buttons:

The screenshot shows a toolbar with the following buttons: Create, Suspend, Unsuspend, Terminate, Change Package, Start, Stop, **Reinstall, VMSetDedicatedIp ->, VMClone ->, **Set CPU RAM ->, *Set System Disk Size ->, *Set System Disk Bandwidth ->, *Set Created Additional Disk ->, *Set Additional Disk Size ->, *Set Additional Disk Bandwidth ->, *Set Network ->, *Set Firewall ->, **SetCloudinit, **VMRemove, and Set DNS records.

Below the toolbar, the VM ID is 2002. A button labeled "Set new VM Id for service" is present, with a tooltip that reads: "The virtual machine must be created and not used by another service."

The Reverse DNS section contains a table with the following data:

Reverse DNS	IP Address	Reverse DNS Record
	192.168.130.2	5546-1775785707.puqcloud
	192.168.130.3	5546-1775785707.puqcloud
	2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0003	5546-1775785707.puqcloud
	2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0004	5546-1775785707.puqcloud
	2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0005	5546-1775785707.puqcloud
	2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0006	5546-1775785707.puqcloud

Button	Description
noVNC	Generates a one-time noVNC console URL. The link is valid for 10 seconds. After expiration, click again to generate a new link.
Deploy Log	Toggles the deploy log panel (see below).
Redeploy	Deletes the existing VM on Proxmox, clears IP assignments, and starts a fresh provisioning cycle. Requires confirmation.

noVNC Console

CONNECT One-time link. Valid for 10 seconds. [Deploy Log](#) [Redeploy](#)

VM Status: **READY**

Deploy History (1 runs)

2026-04-10 03:49:18 **CLONE** → **READY** **SUCCESS** (12 steps)

#	Step	Result	From	To	Time	Dur
1	Migrate to target node	success	clone	migrated	03:49:48	30.23s
2	Set CPU & RAM	success	migrated	set_cpu_ram	03:49:50	0.11s
3	Resize system disk	success	set_cpu_ram	set_system_disk_size	03:49:51	0.11s
4	Set system disk I/O	success	set_system_disk_size	set_system_disk_bandwidth	03:49:52	0.13s
5	Create additional disk	success	set_system_disk_bandwidth	set_created_additional_disk	03:49:56	3.14s
6	Resize additional disk	success	set_created_additional_disk	set_additional_disk_size	03:49:58	1.08s
7	Set additional disk I/O	success	set_additional_disk_size	set_additional_disk_bandwidth	03:49:59	0.13s
8	Configure network	success	set_additional_disk_bandwidth	set_network	03:50:00	0.12s
9	Configure firewall	success	set_network	set_firewall	03:50:02	0.39s
10	Configure cloud-init	success	set_firewall	set_cloudinit	03:50:04	1.31s
11	Start VM	success	set_cloudinit	starting	03:50:13	8.18s
12	Verify running + Email	success	starting	ready	03:50:15	0.46s

Function buttons

Clicking **noVNC** sends an AJAX request to the module, which obtains a VNC ticket from Proxmox and constructs a proxy URL. The link opens in a new 800x600 browser window. The URL is single-use and expires after 10 seconds for security.

Module Commands

The module registers a set of administrative command buttons in the WHMCS **Module Commands** section of the service page.

Module Commands

Create Suspend Unsuspend Terminate Change Package Start Stop ****Reinstall** VMSetDedicatedIp -> VMClone -> ****Set CPU RAM ->** ***Set System Disk Size ->**

Set System Disk Bandwidth ->** ***Set Created Additional Disk ->** ***Set Additional Disk Size ->** ***Set Additional Disk Bandwidth ->** ***Set Network ->** ***Set Firewall ->** *SetCloudinit**

****VMRemove** Set DNS records

VM id 2002 Set new VM id for service *The virtual machine must be created and not used by another service.*

Reverse DNS

192.168.130.2	5546-1775785707.puqcloud
192.168.130.3	5546-1775785707.puqcloud
2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0003	5546-1775785707.puqcloud
2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0004	5546-1775785707.puqcloud
2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0005	5546-1775785707.puqcloud
2001:0db8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0000:0006	5546-1775785707.puqcloud

Command	Description	Notes
Start	Power on the VM	—
Stop	Power off the VM	—
Reinstall	Wipe the VM and reinstall the OS from the template	Destructive; requires confirmation
VMSetDedicatedIp	Assign or reassign dedicated IP addresses from the pool	—
VMClone	Clone the VM to a new VM ID	—
Set CPU RAM	Update CPU core count and RAM size	Requires VM stop for certain changes
Set System Disk Size	Resize the boot disk	One-way: can only increase

Command	Description	Notes
Set System Disk Bandwidth	Update read/write throughput and IOPS limits on the system disk	—
Set Created Additional Disk	Create a secondary disk if one does not exist	—
Set Additional Disk Size	Resize the secondary disk	One-way: can only increase
Set Additional Disk Bandwidth	Update read/write throughput and IOPS limits on the additional disk	—
Set Network	Update network bridge, VLAN, bandwidth, and adapter model	—
Set Firewall	Apply firewall configuration from product settings to the VM	—
SetCloudinit	Reapply cloud-init configuration (hostname, user, SSH keys, network)	Destructive; overwrites current cloud-init
VMRemove	Delete the VM from Proxmox	Destructive; requires confirmation
Set DNS records	Synchronize forward and reverse DNS records based on current IP assignments	—

“ Legend of the button prefixes:

- `|*|` — the function can run while the VM is **running**
- `**|` — the function can only run when the VM is **stopped**
- `|->|` — the function participates in the automatic creation/reinstall pipeline and points to the next step in the state machine

These markers match the ones PUQcloud has used since v1.0 — they are shown inline next to each command button in WHMCS.

Local status values

The module tracks each VM with an internal **local status** that controls which automation actions may run on the next cron tick. Knowing the status helps diagnose stuck deploys.

Status	Meaning
<code> creation </code>	First status issued at the time of service creation. Indicates that the VM creation process should start on the next cron run.
<code> reinstall </code>	The VM is in the reinstall queue and will be redeployed from the selected template.

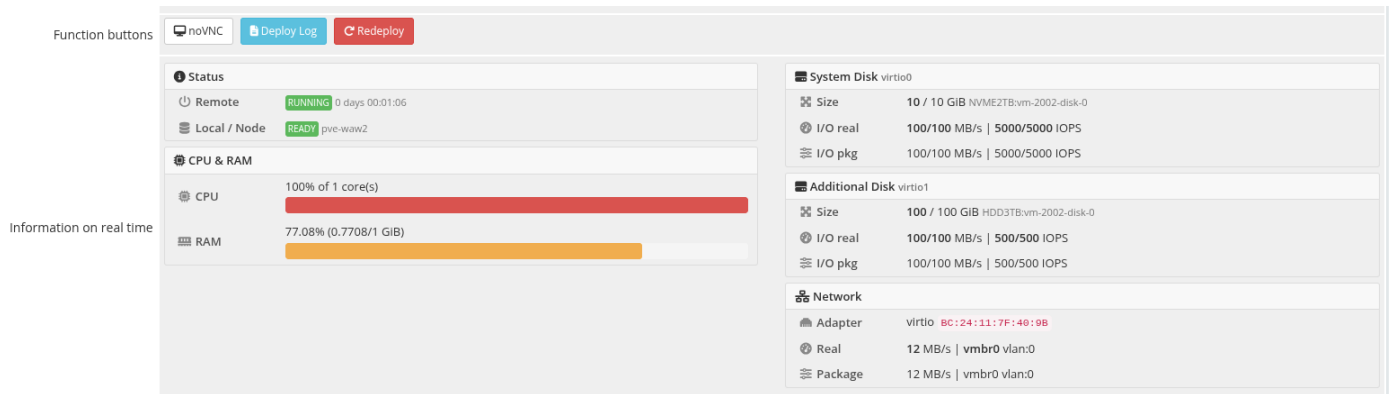
Status	Meaning
<code> clone </code>	The clone operation is in progress (or just finished) — the state machine is about to start post-clone configuration.
<code> migrated </code>	<i>(new in v3.0)</i> The VM has been successfully migrated to the target node after cloning.
<code> set_cpu_ram </code>	CPU cores and RAM have been configured successfully.
<code> set_system_disk_size </code>	System disk has been resized successfully.
<code> set_system_disk_bandwidth </code>	System disk I/O bandwidth limits have been applied.
<code> set_created_additional_disk </code>	Additional disk step finished (whether a disk was created or not — the step is skipped if the package has no additional disk).
<code> set_additional_disk_size </code>	Additional disk has been resized (or skipped).
<code> set_additional_disk_bandwidth </code>	Additional disk bandwidth limits have been applied (or skipped).
<code> set_network </code>	Network card configuration (bridge, VLAN, bandwidth, MAC) is complete.
<code> set_firewall </code>	Firewall options, policies and anti-spoofing IPSet have been configured.
<code> set_cloudinit </code>	Cloud-init has been rewritten with the target user/password/network.
<code> ready </code>	Terminal success state — the VM was created correctly and is ready to work.
<code> set_dns_records </code>	On the next cron tick, DNS records will be synchronized.
<code> change_package </code>	On the next cron tick, the module will start the <code> change_package </code> state machine to apply new package parameters.
<code> cp_* </code>	<i>(new in v3.0)</i> Intermediate states of the change-package state machine (<code> cp_update_ip </code> , <code> cp_stop </code> , <code> cp_cpu_ram </code> , <code> cp_system_disk_size </code> , <code> cp_system_disk_bandwidth </code> , <code> cp_additional_disk </code> , <code> cp_additional_disk_size </code> , <code> cp_additional_disk_bandwidth </code> , <code> cp_network </code> , <code> cp_firewall </code> , <code> cp_start </code>). Each state represents a single completed change-package step. On failure the state machine resumes from the last successful state.

Alongside the local status the module tracks:

- **Remote status** — the status returned by the Proxmox API itself: `|running|` or `|stopped|`.
- **VM remote lock** — set by Proxmox while a long operation (like `|clone|` or `|backup|`) is in progress. While a lock is present the module pauses all other actions against that VM.

Real-Time VM Information

The real-time information panel refreshes automatically every 5 seconds (with a 10-second initial load). It displays comprehensive VM status and resource usage in a two-column layout.



Left Column: Status and Compute

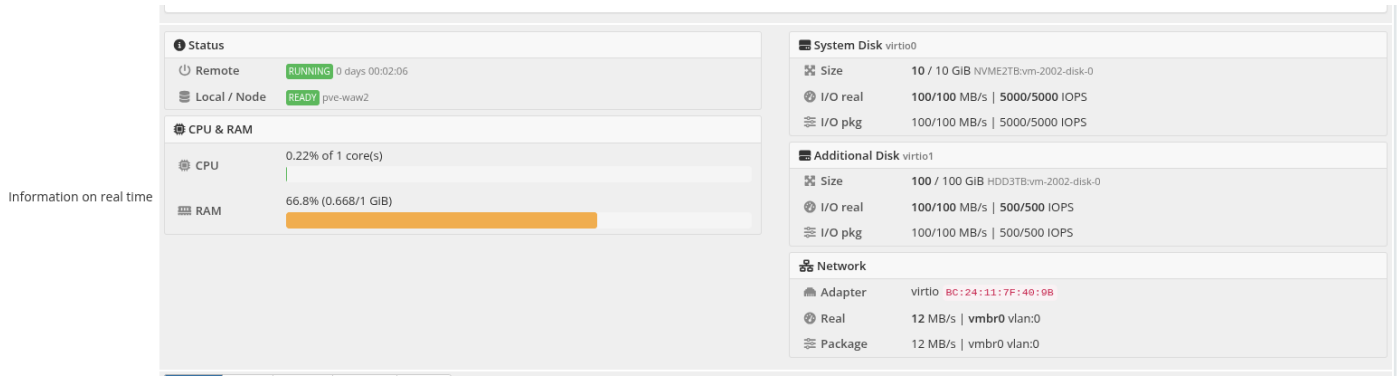
Status Section:

Field	Description
Remote	Current VM power state on Proxmox (running/stopped), uptime, and lock status if any operation is in progress
Local / Node	The module's internal status tracking and the Proxmox node hosting the VM

CPU & RAM Section:

Field	Description
CPU	Current CPU usage as a percentage of allocated cores, with a color-coded progress bar (green < 50%, yellow 50-80%, red > 80%)
RAM	Current memory usage in GiB and percentage, with a color-coded progress bar

Right Column: Storage and Network



System Disk Section:

Field	Description
Size	Current disk size vs. package-configured size, with the underlying file path
I/O real	Actual read/write throughput in MB/s and IOPS as currently measured
I/O pkg	Package-configured throughput and IOPS limits

Additional Disk Section (shown only if an additional disk exists):

Same fields as the system disk section, displayed for the secondary disk.

Network Section:

Field	Description
Adapter	Network model and MAC address
Real	Actual bandwidth rate, bridge, and VLAN as configured on Proxmox
Package	Package-configured bandwidth limit, bridge, and VLAN
ISO	Currently mounted ISO image, if any

Configurable Options (*new in v3.3*)

A dedicated **Configurable Options** tab on the service page shows the effective per-service selection of every WHMCS Configurable Option that is assigned to the product. Useful for confirming which pricing tier the client actually picked without having to dig into the database or the order itself.

Manage		Configurable Options	
CPU Cores		1 Core	
RAM		4 GB	
System Disk		160 GB	
System Disk Read Bandwidth		500 MB/s	
System Disk Write Bandwidth		500 MB/s	
System Disk Read IOPS		5000 IOPS	
System Disk Write IOPS		5000 IOPS	
Additional Disk		10 GB	
Additional Disk Read Bandwidth		200 MB/s	
Additional Disk Write Bandwidth		200 MB/s	
Additional Disk Read IOPS		2500 IOPS	
Additional Disk Write IOPS		2500 IOPS	
Network Bandwidth		1 GB/s	
IPv4 Addresses		1 IPv4	
IPv6 Addresses		4 IPv6	
Backups		3 backups	
Snapshots		3 snapshots	
Operating System		Debian-11	

The tab lists each option by its plain-English name (`CPU Cores`, `RAM`, `System Disk`, `Backups`, `Snapshots`, etc.) together with the human-readable display text of the selected sub-option. When no Configurable Option is assigned for a given resource, the Module Settings default is used and that resource simply does not appear in this tab — see the [Product Configuration chapter](#) for where each default lives.

See the dedicated [Configurable Options chapter](#) for the full list of supported options, sub-option formats, and pricing-tier examples.

Deploy Log

The deploy log panel is toggled by clicking the **Deploy Log** button. It provides a complete history of all provisioning and administrative operations performed on the VM.

noVNC Deploy Log Redeploy

VM Status: **READY**

Deploy History (1 runs)

2026-04-10 03:49:18 **CLONE** → **READY** **SUCCESS** (12 steps)

#	Step	Result	From	To	Time	Dur
1	Migrate to target node	success	clone	migrated	03:49:48	30.23s
2	Set CPU & RAM	success	migrated	set_cpu_ram	03:49:50	0.11s
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6	Resize additional disk	success	set_created_additional_disk	set_additional_disk_size	03:49:58	1.08s
7	Set additional disk I/O	success	set_additional_disk_size	set_additional_disk_bandwidth	03:49:59	0.13s
8	Configure network	success	set_additional_disk_bandwidth	set_network	03:50:00	0.12s
9	Configure firewall	success	set_network	set_firewall	03:50:02	0.39s
10	Configure cloud-init	success	set_firewall	set_cloudinit	03:50:04	1.31s
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12	Verify running + Email	success	starting	ready	03:50:15	0.46s

Function buttons

Last Action

The top section shows the most recent operation:

Field	Description
Action	The operation name (e.g., <code>deploy</code> , <code>reinstall</code> , <code>change_package</code>)
Result	Success or failure badge
Time range	Start and finish timestamps
Steps table	Numbered list of individual steps with result status and duration in seconds

Deploy History

Below the last action, a chronological list of all deploy runs is displayed. Each entry shows:

- Start timestamp
- Status transition (before → after)
- Result badge (success/waiting/error)
- Error message, if applicable
- Expandable step detail table (click the header to toggle)

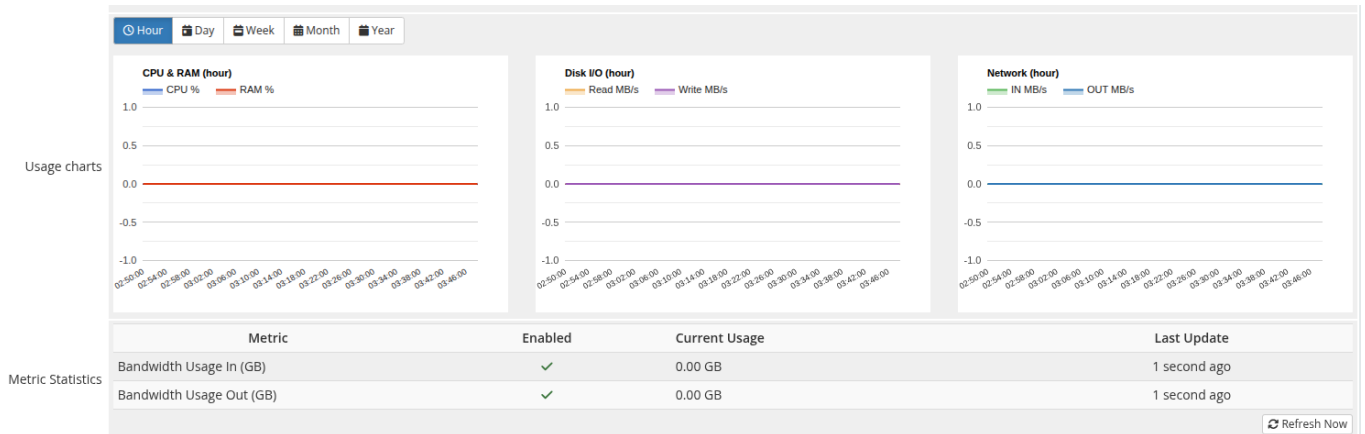
Each step in the detail table includes:

Column	Description
#	Step sequence number
Step	Operation name (e.g., <code>clone</code> , <code>set_ip</code> , <code>set_cpu_ram</code> , <code>set_firewall</code>)
Result	Success or failure

Column	Description
From	VM status before this step
To	VM status after this step
Time	Timestamp when the step executed
Dur	Duration in seconds

Usage Charts

The charts section displays CPU, memory, disk I/O, and network throughput graphs rendered using Google Charts. The data is fetched via AJAX from Proxmox's RRD statistics.



Time Frame Selection

A button group allows selecting the chart time range:

Button	Period
Hour	Last 60 minutes (default on page load)
Day	Last 24 hours
Week	Last 7 days
Month	Last 30 days
Year	Last 365 days

Chart Types

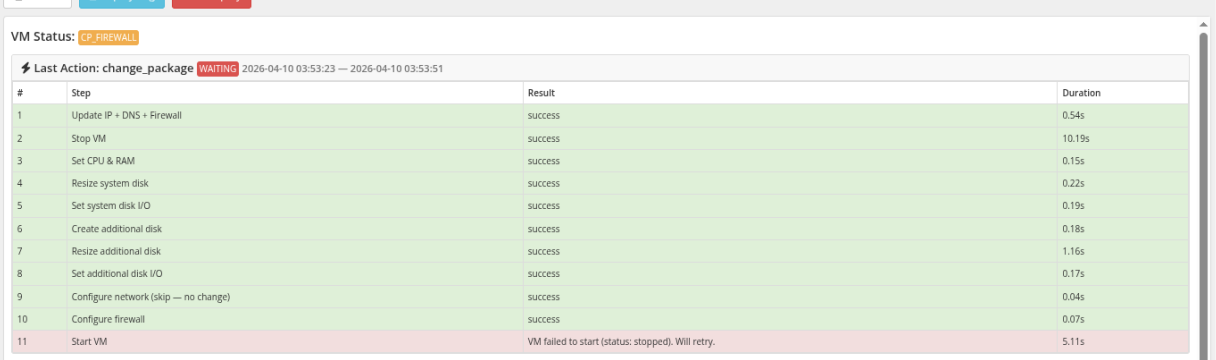
Three area charts are displayed side by side:

Chart	Series	Description
CPU & RAM	CPU %, RAM %	Processor and memory utilization over time
Disk I/O	Read MB/s, Write MB/s	Storage throughput
Network	IN MB/s, OUT MB/s	Network interface throughput

Change Package

When a service's product/package is changed (upgrade or downgrade), the module executes a multi-step reconfiguration process. The admin can monitor progress through the deploy log.

Function buttons



VM Status: CP, FIREWALL

Last Action: change_package [WAITING] 2026-04-10 03:53:23 — 2026-04-10 03:53:51

#	Step	Result	Duration
1	Update IP + DNS + Firewall	success	0.54s
2	Stop VM	success	10.19s
3	Set CPU & RAM	success	0.15s
4	Resize system disk	success	0.22s
5	Set system disk I/O	success	0.19s
6	Create additional disk	success	0.18s
7	Resize additional disk	success	1.16s
8	Set additional disk I/O	success	0.17s
9	Configure network (skip — no change)	success	0.04s
10	Configure firewall	success	0.07s
11	Start VM	VM failed to start (status: stopped). Will retry.	5.11s

Deploy History

The change package operation follows this sequence:

1. Update IP addresses (if pool/network changed)
2. Stop the VM
3. Set CPU and RAM to new values
4. Resize system disk
5. Update system disk bandwidth limits
6. Create or resize additional disk
7. Update additional disk bandwidth limits
8. Reconfigure network adapter
9. Reapply firewall rules
10. Start the VM

noVNC Deploy Log Redeploy

VM Status: READY

Last Action: `change_package` SUCCESS 2026-04-10 03:54:38 — 2026-04-10 03:54:40

#	Step	Result	Duration
1	Start VM	success	0.05s
2	Verify running	success	0.05s

Deploy History (1 runs)

▶ 2026-04-10 03:49:18 CLONE READY SUCCESS (12 steps)

Function buttons

Each step is logged individually in the deploy log. If any step fails, the process halts and the error is recorded. The admin can review the failure in the deploy log and either fix the issue manually or use the **Redeploy** button to start fresh.

Revision #8

Created 10 April 2026 12:07:48 by Ruslan

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