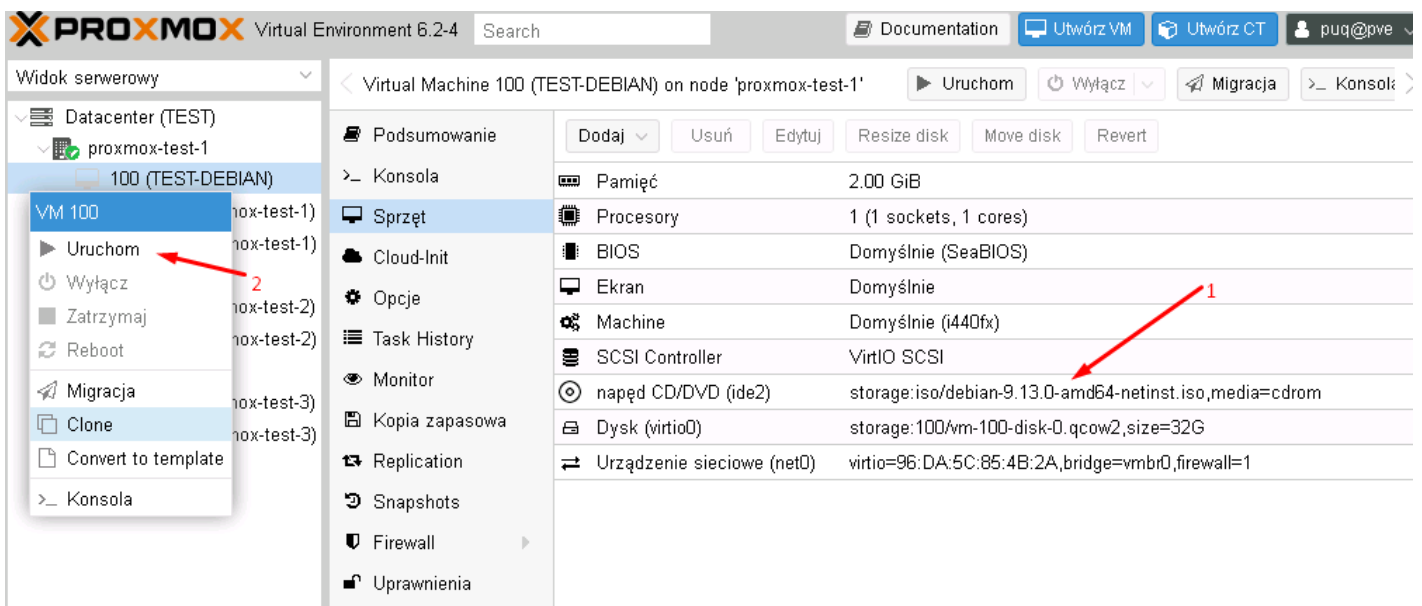


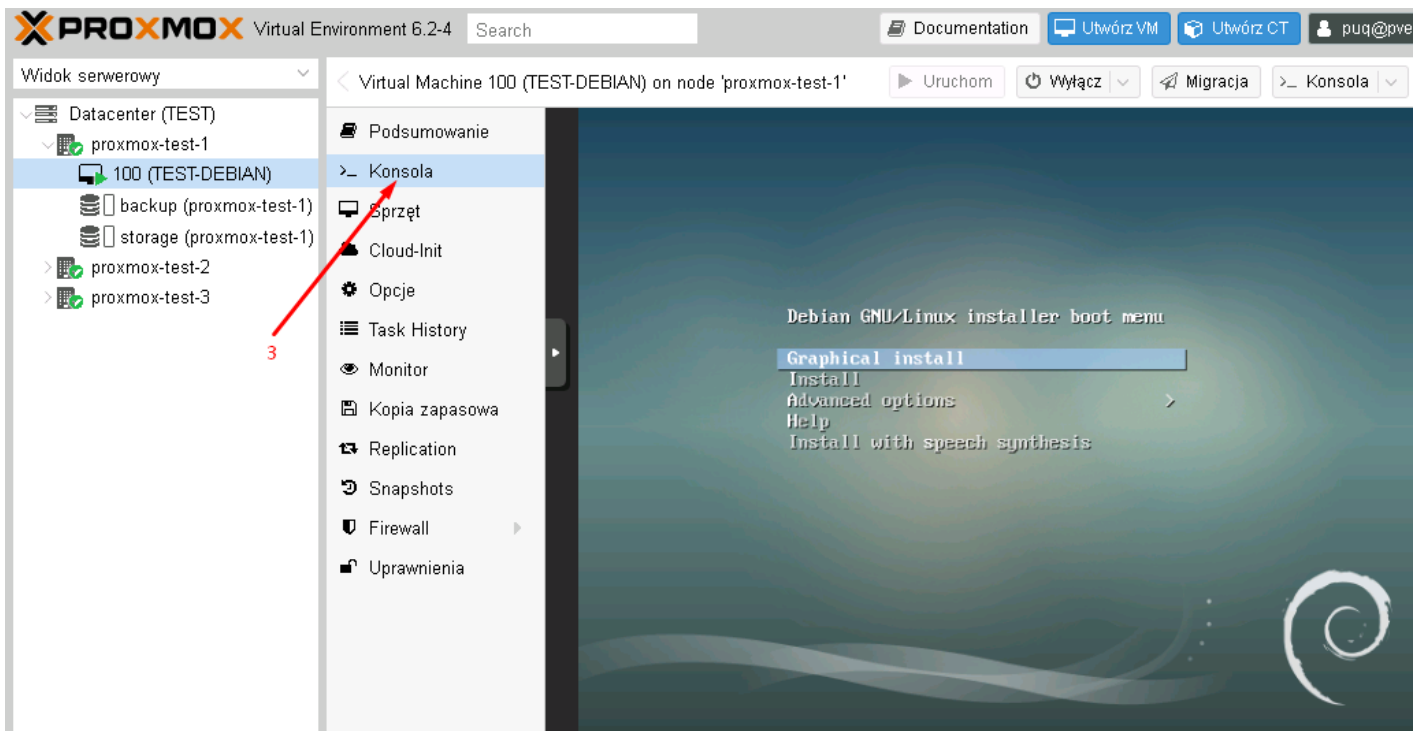
# Instalacja Linux Debian 9 z siecią publiczną. Proxmox od PUQ.

Po stworzeniu maszyny wirtualnej z odpowiednimi parametrami.

1. Upewnić się, że w napędzie maszyny wirtualnej włożony ISO instalacyjny linux Debian9 oraz że karta sieciowa podłączona do sieci 'public'.
2. Kliknij na maszynę wirtualną prawym przyciskiem myszy i kliknij "Uruchom"

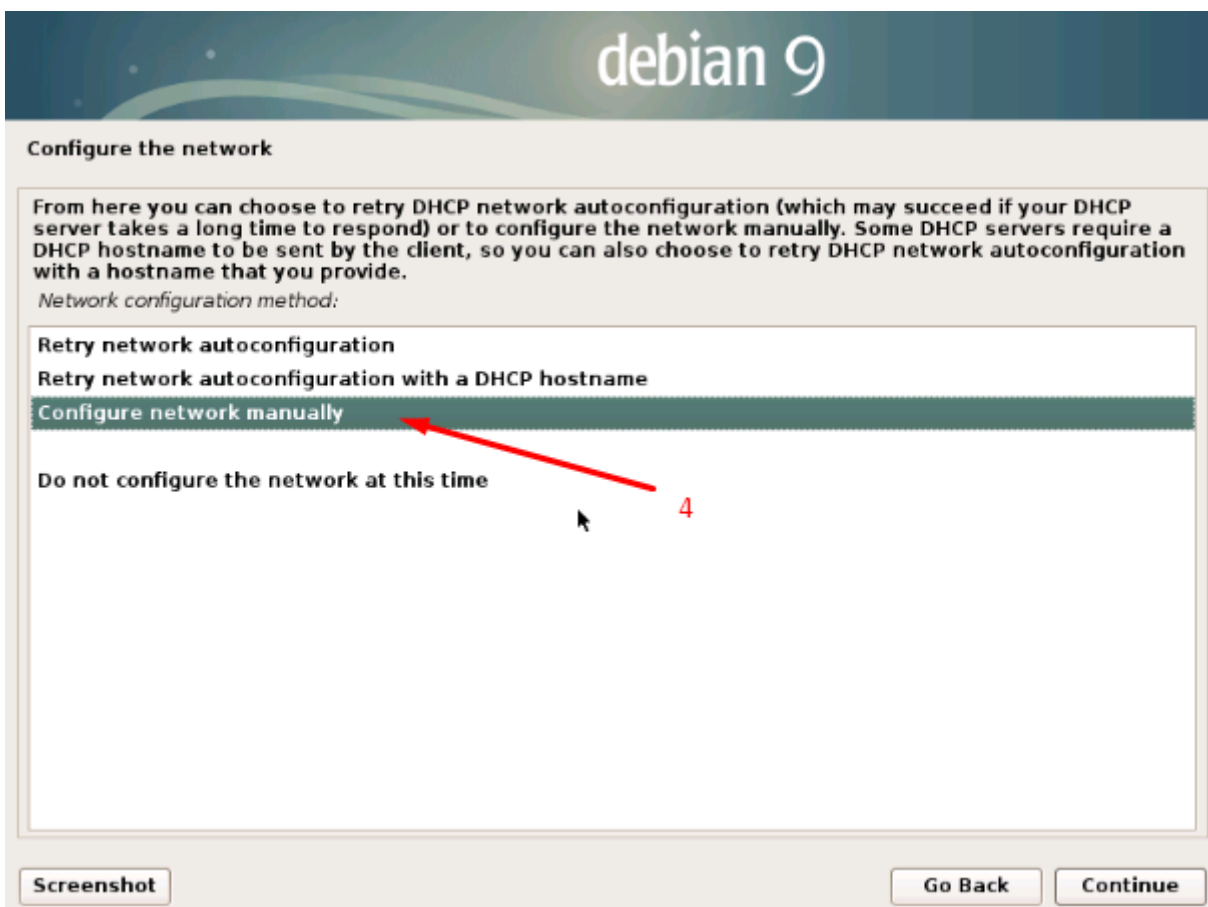


3. Po uruchomieniu maszyny wirtualnej kliknij na "Konsola"



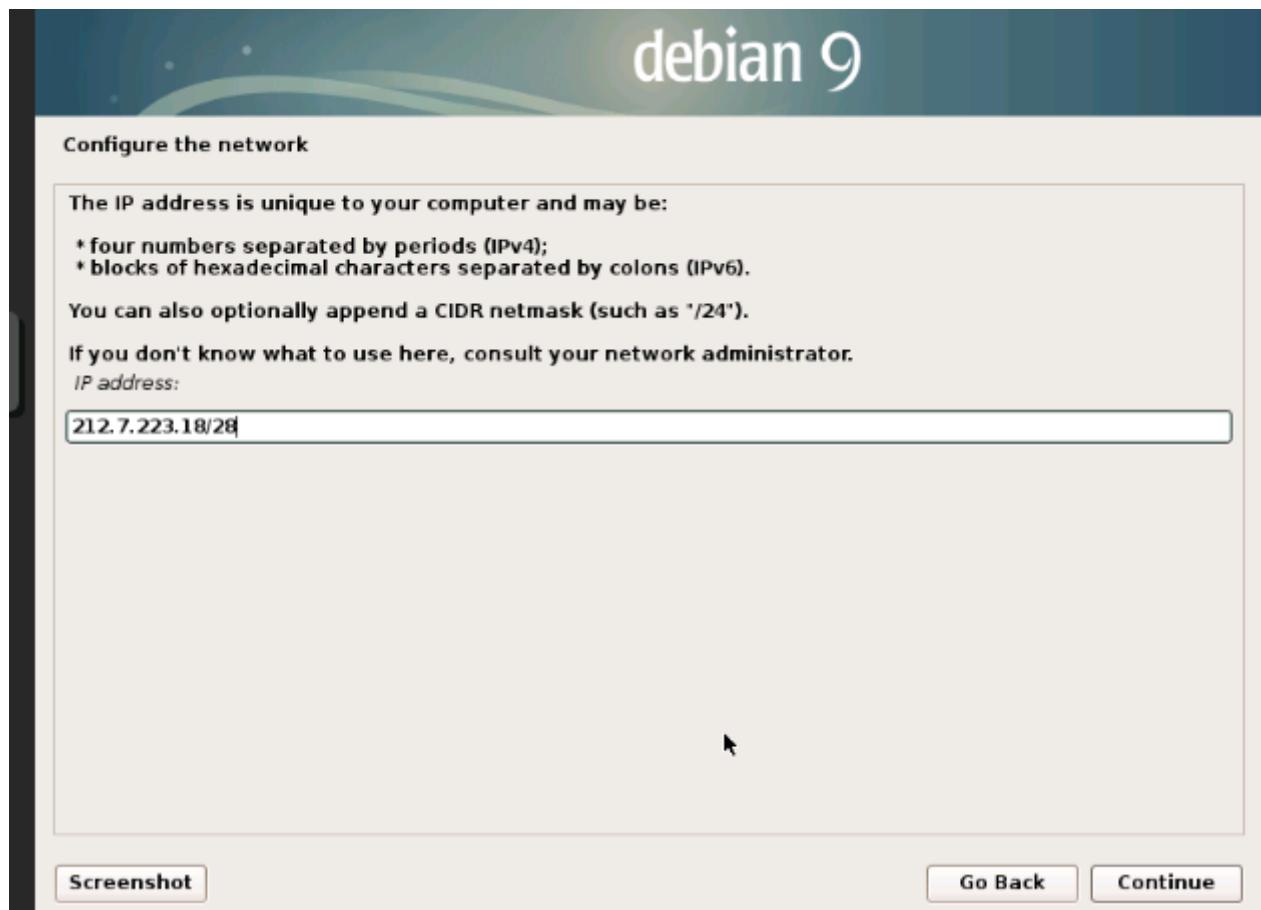
W otwartą konsoli za pomocą menu instalacji instalować system.

4. Na kroku "Configure the network" wybrać "Configure network manually"



Wprowadź publiczny IP adres z puli nadaną przez usługodawcę wraz z pozostałymi parametrami (maska podsieci, Brama domyślna, Serwery DNS)

Kontynuuj instalację linux w standardowym trybie.

The image shows the 'Configure the network' screen from the Debian 9 installer. At the top, the 'debian 9' logo is displayed. The main heading is 'Configure the network'. Below this, a text box contains instructions: 'The IP address is unique to your computer and may be:', followed by two bullet points: '\* four numbers separated by periods (IPv4);' and '\* blocks of hexadecimal characters separated by colons (IPv6)'. It then says 'You can also optionally append a CIDR netmask (such as "/24").' and 'If you don't know what to use here, consult your network administrator.' Below the text, there is a label 'IP address:' and a text input field containing '212.7.223.18/28'. At the bottom of the screen, there are three buttons: 'Screenshot' on the left, and 'Go Back' and 'Continue' on the right.

debian 9

Configure the network

The IP address is unique to your computer and may be:

- \* four numbers separated by periods (IPv4);
- \* blocks of hexadecimal characters separated by colons (IPv6).

You can also optionally append a CIDR netmask (such as "/24").

If you don't know what to use here, consult your network administrator.

IP address:

212.7.223.18/28

Screenshot Go Back Continue

# debian 9

## Configure the network

The gateway is an IP address (four numbers separated by periods) that indicates the gateway router, also known as the default router. All traffic that goes outside your LAN (for instance, to the Internet) is sent through this router. In rare circumstances, you may have no router; in that case, you can leave this blank. If you don't know the proper answer to this question, consult your network administrator.

Gateway:

Screenshot

Go Back

Continue

# debian 9

## Configure the network

The name servers are used to look up host names on the network. Please enter the IP addresses (not host names) of up to 3 name servers, separated by spaces. Do not use commas. The first name server in the list will be the first to be queried. If you don't want to use any name server, just leave this field blank.

Name server addresses:

Screenshot

Go Back

Continue

