

Module

puqProxmoxKVM

PUQ ProxmoxKVM module management extension

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Description

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The "**Module puqProxmoxKVM**" extension is designed for managing and configuring additional options for the ProxmoxKVM module within the WHMCS platform.

To learn more about this **ProxmoxKVM WHMCS module**, please refer to the documentation at

<https://doc.puq.info/books/proxmoxkvm-whmcs-module> ([Order now](#) | [Download](#) | [FAQ](#))

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Author

Requires License

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1.0

Ruslan Polovyl

FREE

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Add new IP Pool

ID	Server	Type	Bridge	Vlan	Gateway	Mask	DNS	Addresses	Count	
#6	19 - proxmox-test.uuq.pl-private	IPv4	vmbr0	111	192.168.0.1	24	8.8.8.8 1.1.1.1	192.168.255.255 192.169.1.1	(0%) 0/259	Services List
#7	19 - proxmox-test.uuq.pl-private	IPv6	vmbr0	111	2001:db8::1	112	2001:db8::1 2001:db8::1	2001:db8::ffff 2001:db8::1:ffff	(0%) 0/65539	Services List
#8	7 - proxmox-test.uuq.pl-public	IPv4	vmbr0	0	77.87.125.129	25	77.87.125.10 77.87.125.20	77.87.125.221 77.87.125.239	(26.32%) 5/19	Services List
#9	7 - proxmox-test.uuq.pl-public	IPv6	vmbr0	0	2a11:ff00::201	120	2a11:ff00::a 2a11:ff00::14	2a11:ff00::202 2a11:ff00::2ff	(27.56%) 70/254	Services List

Add IP Pool

Server

7 - proxmox-test.uuq.pl-public

Type

IPv4

Bridge

vmbr0

Interface Bridge on the server where addressing is available. Format: vmbrX

Vlan

0

Vlan on the server where addressing is available. 0 - untagged

Gateway

Mask

1

IPv4: 1-32, IPv6: 1-128

DNS1

DNS2

Addresses

IPv4: 10.0.0.1-10.0.255.255
IPv6: 2001:0DB8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0001-2001:0DB8:0000:0000:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF

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IP Pool services list

IP Pool Info

ID	Server	Type	Bridge	Vlan	Gateway	Mask	DNS	Addresses	Count
#8	7 - proxmox-test.uuq.pl-public	ipv4	vmbr0	0	77.87.125.129	25	77.87.125.10 77.87.125.20	77.87.125.221 77.87.125.239	(26.32%) 5/19

Services list

ID	Client	Name	Status	Domain	IPs
#4865	Dmytro Kravchenko	KVM 10GB	Active	real-2-4865.vps.uuq.pl	77.87.125.221
#4867	Julia Noga	KVM 10GB	Cancelled	real-7-4867.vps.uuq.pl	77.87.125.223
#4869	Ruslan Polovyi (TEST sp. z o. o.)	KVM 10GB	Active	real-1-4869.vps.uuq.pl	77.87.125.224
#4893	Dmytro Kravchenko	KVM 10GB	Active	real-2-4893.vps.uuq.pl	77.87.125.222
#4909	Itkeeper Test (Itkeeper sp. z o.o.)	KVM 10GB	Active	real-8-4909.vps.uuq.pl	77.87.125.225

Edit IP Pool

Server

7 - proxmox-test.uuq.pl-public

Type

IPv6

Bridge

vmbr0

Interface Bridge on the server where addressing is available. Format: vmbrX

Vlan

0

Vlan on the server where addressing is available. 0 - untagged

Gateway

2a11:ff00::201

Mask

120

IPv4: 1-32, IPv6: 1-128

DNS1

2a11:ff00::a

DNS2

2a11:ff00::14

Addresses

2a11:ff00::202-2a11:ff00::2ff
IPv4: 10.0.0.1-10.0.255.255
IPv6: 2001:0DB8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0001-2001:0DB8:0000:0000:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF

Edit IP Pool Delete IP Pool

IP Pools

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To enable the provision of virtual machines with virtual IP addresses, both IPv4 and IPv6, the configuration of an IP Pool is available.

An IP Pool is an abstract object that contains the following information:

- **Server:** The Proxmox server within the WHMCS system for which this pool will be active.
- **Type:** The type of the pool, which can be IPv4 or IPv6.
- **Bridge and VLAN:** Corresponding parameters that will be configured on the virtual machine if it receives an IP from this pool. (Please note that the addressing must be available on this Bridge and VLAN.)
- **Gateway:** The default gateway that will be configured on the virtual machine.
- **Mask:** The subnet mask that will be configured on the virtual machine.
- **DNS1/DNS2:** The DNS servers that will be configured on the virtual machine.
- **Addresses:** The range of addresses included in this pool. Please note that the Gateway will be excluded from the pool but will be listed as an occupied IP if it is part of the pool.

By configuring an IP Pool, you can streamline the allocation of virtual IP addresses for your virtual machines, ensuring efficient network management and connectivity within the Proxmox environment.

Edit IP Pool

Server

7 - proxmox-test.uuq.pl-public

Type

IPv6

Bridge

vmbr0

Interface Bridge on the server where addressing is available. Format: vmbrX

Vlan

0

Vlan on the server where addressing is available. 0 - untagged

Gateway

2a11:ff00::201

Mask

120

IPv4: 1-32, IPv6: 1-128

DNS1

2a11:ff00::a

DNS2

2a11:ff00::14

Addresses

2a11:ff00::202-2a11:ff00::2ff

IPv4: 10.0.0.1-10.0.255.255

IPv6: 2001:0DB8:0000:0000:0000:0000:0001-2001:0DB8:0000:0000:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF:FFFF

Edit IP Pool

Delete IP Pool

When viewing the list of IP pools, you will find information about the pool's size and its utilization. Additionally, there is a button available to view the services associated with IP addresses from that pool.

The size of the pool indicates the total number of available IP addresses within it, while the utilization provides insights into how many IP addresses have been allocated or are in use.

To gain further visibility into the services utilizing IP addresses from a particular pool, you can click on the designated button. This will provide you with a comprehensive overview of the services and associated virtual machines that currently utilize IP addresses from that specific pool. By accessing this information, you can effectively manage and monitor IP address allocation within your infrastructure.

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Add new IP Pool

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IP Pool Info

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#8	7 - proxmox-test.uuq.pl-public	Ipv4	vmbr0	0	77.87.125.129	25	77.87.125.10 77.87.125.20	77.87.125.221 77.87.125.239	(26.32%) 5/19

Services list

ID	Client	Name	Status	Domain	IPs
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#4869	Ruslan Polovyi (TEST sp. z o. o.)	KVM 10GB	Active	real-1-4869.vps.uuq.pl	77.87.125.224
#4893	Dmytro Kravchenko	KVM 10GB	Active	real-2-4893.vps.uuq.pl	77.87.125.222
#4909	Itkeeper Test (Itkeeper sp. z o.o.)	KVM 10GB	Active	real-8-4909.vps.uuq.pl	77.87.125.225

DNS Zones

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Instructions: Configuring DNS Synchronization for Virtual Machines in puqProxmoxKVM

In order to enable DNS records synchronization for virtual machines managed by the puqProxmoxKVM module, you have the option to create DNS zones. A DNS zone is an object that is part of the API connection configuration to the DNS provider, allowing the puqProxmoxKVM module to synchronize DNS records.

How it Works:

1. When creating a new service, modifying an existing one, or when a client requests a change to their virtual machine's revDNS record, the module will attempt to find the corresponding DNS zone for synchronization.
 - Forward Zone: The domain and subdomain are taken from the service's Domain field, and the module matches them with the added zones. If there's a match, it performs actions to synchronize the A and AAAA records. The IPv4 address is taken from the Allocated IP field for the service, and for IPv6 synchronization, the first available IPv6 address for that service is used.
 - Reverse Zone: All IP addresses are converted into a DNS zone, which is then compared with the list of existing zones. When there's a match, the records are synchronized.

By synchronization, it means that the records will be removed from the remote server and then recreated. Except for service creation, where records are created without deletion. Also, when a service is deleted, the records will be deleted and not recreated.

After adding the zone, you can click the "Test Zone" button to verify the correctness of the added data and perform a test on the DNS provider using the API.

Supported DNS Providers:

cloudflare.com

- Required data for zone creation:
 - Zone Name

- | | |
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DNS Zones

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Zone	polovyl.com
	Forward zone: example.com
	Reverse zone IPv4: 100.51.198.in-addr.arpa (IPv4 prefix: 198.51.100.0/24)
	Reverse zone IPv6: d.c.b.a.d.c.b.a.d.c.b.a.8.b.d.0.1.0.0.2.ip6.arpa (IPv6 prefix: 2001:0db8:abcd:abcd:abcd:abcd:0000/112)
Cloudflare Zone ID	610488689b81
Cloudflare Account ID	63f3d02dab0ac
Cloudflare API Token	okxTLA-BE

Delete Zone

- Required data for zone creation:
 - Zone
 - Hestiacp server
 - Hestiacp admin user
 - Hestiacp admin password
 - User (The user who will be the holder of the DNS zones) When adding a zone, create it on the remote server and allow WHMCS access to the HestiaCP server via API.

Successfully!
Connection successfully

DNS Zones

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Edit Zone (hestiacp)

Zone

Forward zone: example.com

Reverse zone IPv4: 100.51.198.in-addr.arpa (IPv4 prefix: 198.51.100.0/24)

Reverse zone IPv6: d.c.b.a.d.c.b.a.d.c.b.a.8.b.d.0.1.0.0.2.ip6.arpa (IPv6 prefix: 2001:0db8:abcd:abcd:abcd:abcd:0000/112)

Hestiacp server

https://hestiacp-test.uuq.pl:8083/

Hestiacp server: https://example.com:8083/

Hestiacp admin user

admin

Server administrator username

Hestiacp admin password

2sCAfnb

Server administrator user password

User

proxmox-dns

The user who will be the holders of the DNS zones

Edit Zone

Test Zone

Delete Zone

Note:

- The synchronization will occur for all matching zones. If you add two identical zones on different DNS providers, synchronization will occur for both of these identical zones.
- Synchronization is not instantaneous but occurs at scheduled cron tasks and may take some time.
- If there are any connection errors or other issues during the synchronization process, they will be logged in the module's logs. Synchronization errors will not stop the service or disrupt automation processes.

DNS Zones

Module puqProxmoxKVM i

Add Zone (cloudflare.com)

Add Zone (HestiaCP)

ID	Zone	DNS provider type
#1	polovyl.com	cloudflare
#3	125.87.77.in-addr.arpa	cloudflare
#4	0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.f.f.1.1.a.2.ip6.arpa	cloudflare
#5	polovyl.com	hestiacp
#6	0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.f.f.1.1.a.2.ip6.arpa	hestiacp
#7	125.87.77.in-addr.arpa	hestiacp

Forward/Reverse DNS Zones for IPv4 and IPv6

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Configuring Forward and Reverse DNS Zones for IPv4 and IPv6

DNS zones are used to translate domain names into IP addresses and vice versa. To properly configure forward and reverse DNS zones for IPv4 and IPv6, you need to know the subnets associated with the respective IP addresses. Below are instructions on how to build zones for IPv4 and IPv6.

Forward DNS Zones for IPv4/IPv6:

Forward DNS zones are used to map domain names to IPv4 addresses.

1. Determine the domain name for your server or device. For example:
myserver.example.com.
2. Determine the IPv4 address that will correspond to this domain name. For example:
203.0.113.10.

myserver.example.com.	IN	A	203.0.113.10
-----------------------	----	---	--------------

1. Determine the IPv6 address that will correspond to this domain name. For example:
2001:0db8:85a3:0000:0000:8a2e:0370:7334.

myserver.example.com.	IN	AAAA	2001:0db8:85a3:0000:0000:8a2e:0370:7334
-----------------------	----	------	---

Reverse DNS Zones for IPv4 and IPv6:

Reverse DNS zones convert IP addresses back into domain names. Please note that reverse DNS zones for IPv4 and IPv6 have slightly different formats.

Reverse DNS Zones for IPv4:

Reverse DNS zones for IPv4 are based on the four octets of an IPv4 address.

1. Split the IPv4 address into octets and reverse them, adding ".in-addr.arpa" at the end.

For example: **10.113.0.203.in-addr.arpa**

2. Create a new zone in the DNS configuration file (e.g., reverse.db) with the specified reverse domain name and your server's domain name:

10.113.0.203.in-addr.arpa.	IN	PTR	myserver.example.com.
----------------------------	----	-----	-----------------------

Reverse DNS Zones for IPv6:

Reverse DNS zones for IPv6 are based on the hexadecimal representation of the IPv6 address.

1. Write the IPv6 address in hexadecimal form, separating each group of digits with colons and adding ".ip6.arpa" at the end.

For example:

4.3.3.7.0.e.3.7.0.2.e.a.8.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.3.8.a.5.8.b.d.0.1.0.0.2.ip6.arpa

2. Create a new zone in the DNS configuration file (e.g., reverse.db) with the specified reverse domain name and your server's domain name:

4.3.3.7.0.e.3.7.0.2.e.a.8.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.0.3.8.a.5.8.b.d.0.1.0.0.2.ip6.arpa.	IN
PTR	myserver.example.com.