

SSL Manager - Certificate Authorities

PUQcloud Panel

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Overview

Certificate Authorities (CA) are provider profiles the panel uses to issue and renew SSL/TLS certificates via ACME. PUQcloud follows a simple rule: **one module per CA**.

Currently supported modules:

- **Let's Encrypt** (plus **Let's Encrypt Staging** for safe testing)
- **ZeroSSL**

Where to find it: **Settings** → **SSL Manager** → **Certificate Authorities**

What you can do here

- Create and configure CA profiles (ACME account, technical DNS zone, timeouts).
 - Test connectivity to the CA (**Save and Test**) and see the CA directory endpoints.
 - Keep multiple profiles (e.g., Production vs Staging) and select them per-certificate.
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Create a CA Profile (step-by-step)

1. Go to **Settings** → **SSL Manager** → **Certificate Authorities** and click + **Create**.
2. Enter **Name** and choose **Module = PUQ ACME (active)** → **Save**.

3. Click **Edit** on the new CA profile and fill in the fields (see the Field Reference below).
4. Click **Save and Test**. A modal should show **API is available** plus a dump of **ACME directory endpoints**.
5. Click **Save**.

Field Reference (when & why)

Field	What it is	When / Why
Name	Internal display name	Use meaningful names like <code>[LE_PROD]</code> , <code>[LE_STAGING]</code> , <code>[ZeroSSL]</code> .
Description	Short profile note	Note target usage: "production issuance", "sandbox", or project scope.
Certificate Authority	Selected CA directory	Use Let's Encrypt Staging for tests, Let's Encrypt or ZeroSSL for production.
Email address for the ACME account	Email used to register/manage the ACME account	Required. Prefer a shared ops mailbox (e.g., <code>[it@company.tld]</code>) for continuity.
EAB Key ID / EAB HMAC Key	External Account Binding	Needed by some providers/plans (e.g., ZeroSSL). Leave empty if not required.
DNS Zone	Technical zone where TXT records are actually created	Example: <code>[acme.puqcloud.com]</code> . The target domain's <code>[_acme-challenge]</code> will CNAME to this zone.
Allow wildcard certificates	Allows <code>[*.domain]</code>	Enable if you plan wildcard issuance (DNS-01 only).
DNS Record TTL (seconds)	TTL for created DNS records	30-60 speeds up DCV; raise slightly if your DNS is slow to propagate.
API Timeout (seconds)	Max wait for ACME API responses	Increase (e.g., 20-30) on flaky networks/CI bursts.
Save and Test (button)	Connectivity check	Opens a modal with API is available and the list of ACME endpoints. Investigate if it fails.

Provider specifics

Let's Encrypt (incl. Staging)

- Uses **DNS-01 via a technical zone**:
 1. On the **target domain** you create a **CNAME** for `|_acme-challenge.domain|` pointing into your technical zone (e.g., `|_acme-challenge.domain CNAME <token>.acme.puqcloud.com|`).
 2. Let's Encrypt queries `|_acme-challenge|` on the target domain, **follows the CNAME** into the tech zone, and reads the TXT value there.
- **Let's Encrypt Staging** is ideal for testing without spending production rate limits.
- Wildcards (`|*.domain|`) require DNS-01 and the **Allow wildcard** flag.

ZeroSSL

- Supports **account API keys** so that **issued certificates appear in your ZeroSSL account**.
 - If you **don't** provide keys, the system will create **temporary keys per certificate** automatically.
 - With a paid ZeroSSL plan (~\$12/month), generate API keys and add them to PUQcloud so all certs are visible/manageable in your ZeroSSL panel.
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Good practices

- Start with **Let's Encrypt Staging** to validate your flow, then enable **Let's Encrypt** (production).
 - Keep **DNS TTL** low (30–60s) in the CA profile to speed up challenges.
 - For ZeroSSL at scale, use **account keys** for visibility and auditing.
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Migration cheat-sheet (e.g., from Let's Encrypt to ZeroSSL)

1. **Create** a new CA profile (add EAB/API keys if required by your ZeroSSL plan).
 2. **Save and Test** to confirm directory endpoints.
 3. Check/update your **technical DNS zone** if it differs from previous setup.
 4. **Issue a test cert** on a non-critical domain to validate DCV.
 5. For **new** certs, select the new CA in the creation form. For **existing** certs, you cannot “switch issuer”; **issue a new** certificate under the new CA and deploy it.
 6. Verify **Days Remaining / Auto Renew** behavior on new certs (and, with ZeroSSL keys, that issues appear in the ZeroSSL account).
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Troubleshooting

- **“Save and Test” doesn’t show “API is available”**
 - Check selected CA, network access, EAB keys (if required), and **API Timeout**.
- **LE DNS validation fails**
 - Confirm the **CNAME** is correct and already resolves to the tech zone; wait for **TTL**.
- **Wildcard fails**
 - Ensure **Allow wildcard** is enabled and you are using **DNS-01**.
- **ZeroSSL certificates don’t show in the ZeroSSL dashboard**
 - Add **account API keys** to the CA profile (temporary per-certificate keys don’t link certs to your account).

Related

- **SSL Certificates** — issuance workflow (Draft → CSR → Pending (CNAME) → Active), auto-renew, metadata.
- **DNS Manager** — managing your technical zone and verifying `_acme-challenge` records.
- **Email & Notifications** — reminders for expiry and operational alerts.

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